



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

A CORRECTION

In my recent review of Professor Baugh's edition of William Haughton's *Englishmen for My Money*, I described the volume as consisting of 224 pages, complained that the notes were inadequate for so perplexing a play, and suggested that an index should have been added. Professor Baugh writes me: "I am somewhat at a loss to explain your last two paragraphs. I wonder if by chance the copy which you received from *The Journal of English and Germanic Philology* was imperfect at the end." Exactly this I find to have been the case. The binders in assembling the sheets of this particular copy inadvertently dropped out the last printer's gathering, consisting of twelve pages. There was nothing whatever to arouse my suspicion, and the loss of the concluding part of the book passed unnoticed. With a perfect copy before me I should have written that the volume consisted of 236 pages, that it contained adequate notes, and that it was furnished with an excellent index. I regret very much that Professor Baugh has been the victim of this curious mishap.

JOSEPH QUINCY ADAMS.

Cornell University.